

ON A BASKAKOV- DURRMEYER TYPE OPERATORS

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Let $C_B[0,+\infty)$ denote the space of all real valued continuous and bounded functions on $[0,+\infty)$. For $f \in C_B[0,+\infty)$, the well-known generalized Baskakov operators are given by

$$B_n^a(f; x) = e^{-\frac{ax}{1+x}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} f\left(\frac{k}{n}\right) \frac{P_k(n, a)}{k!} \frac{x^k}{(1+x)^{n+k}}, \quad x \geq 0, \quad n \in N,$$

$$P_k(n, a) \text{ is defined as } e^{\frac{ax}{1+x}} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{P_k(n, a)}{k!} \frac{x^k}{(1+x)^{n+k}},$$

$$\text{and } P_k(n, a) = \sum_{i=0}^k \binom{k}{i} (n)_i a^{k-i}, \quad a \geq 0, (n)_0 = 1, (n)_i = n(n+1)\dots(n+i-1), i \geq 1.$$

Operator B_n^a was object research in [1-3]. Ercencin [4] investigated the Baskakov-Durrmeyer type operators given by

$$L_n(f; x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} W_{n,k}^a(x) \frac{1}{B(k+1, n)} \int_0^x \frac{t^k}{(1+t)^{n+k+1}} f(t) dt, \quad x \geq 0, \quad n \in N,$$

$$W_{n,k}^a = e^{-\frac{ax}{1+x}} \frac{P_k(n, a)}{k!} \frac{x^k}{(1+x)^{n+k}}, \quad B(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)}{\Gamma(\alpha + \beta)}, \quad \alpha > 0, \quad \beta > 0,$$

$\Gamma(k)$ – gamma function.

In the present paper we will study some approximate properties of Baskakov-Durrmeyer type operators $M_n^{\alpha, a}$. We determine the rate of convergence and prove the Voronowskaya type theorem for those operators.

For $f \in C_B[0,+\infty)$, we define the operators

$$M_n^{\alpha, a}(f; x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} W_{n,k}^a(x) \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha + k + 1)} \int_0^x e^{-ns} (ns)^{\alpha+k} f(s) ds, \quad x \geq 0,$$

where $n \in N$, $\alpha > -1$.

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Theorems below are main results of the paper. We establish certain direct theorem via first and second order of the modulus of continuity [5].

Theorem 1. If $f \in C_B$, then

$$\left| M_n^{\alpha,a}(f; x) - f(x) \right| \leq \left[2 + \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{(\alpha+1)(\alpha+2)}{n} + 2x + x^2 + \frac{a^2}{n} + \frac{2(\alpha+2)a}{n} \right) \right] \omega_2 \left(f; \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \right) + \frac{5}{\sqrt{n}} (\alpha+1+a) \omega_1 \left(f; \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \right), \quad x \geq 0, \quad n \in N.$$

In proof theorem 1 we will use the Stieklov function [6] and the lemmas from [7, 8].

Also we prove following the Voronowskaya type theorem.

Theorem 2. Let $f \in C_B$ is twice differentiable at some point $x \geq 0$, then

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} n(M_n^{\alpha,a}(f; x) - f(x)) = \left(\alpha + \frac{ax}{1+x} + 1 \right) f'(x) + \left(\frac{1}{2} x^2 + x \right) f''(x).$$

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ПРО ОПЕРАТОРИ ТИПУ БАСКАКОВА-ДЮРРМАЙЄРА

У роботі досліджено властивості операторів типу Баскакова-Дюррмайєра. Визнано чиудкість збіжності та доведено теорему Вороновської для цих операторів.